TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

Surrender of the Greek Forces to the Turks.

A Provisional Government in Crete.

Probable Abandonment of the Eastern Conference.

Another Terrible Colliery Explosion in England.

REVOLUTION IN SPAIN.

Fearful Massacre'in New Zealand.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

The Conference and the Ultimatum—Turkish Feeling Towards Greek Subjects. PARIS, Dec. 31, 1868. It is reported that the Conference, if held, will ad-

here to the Turkish ultimatum.

A despatch from Athens says the Greek War Minister's aide has gone to Cerigo to disband the volun-teers raised in that island.

A Constantinople despatch says the Turkish gov-ernment, since the departure of the Greek envoy, shows good feeling towards the Greek residents of

Newspaper Opinions of the Proposed Conference. Constantinople, Dec. 31, 1868.

The Turquie (newspaper) says the Porte has not accepted and probably will not approve the propsi-tion for a European conference.

Hopes That the Sultan Will Withdraw His

Ultimatum. Sr. Petersburg, Dec. 31, 1868. The Journal of St. Petersburg editorially ex-resses the hope that the Porte will withdraw the imatum sent to Greece before the Conference

rrender of the Greek Volunteers in Crete. PARIS, Dec. 31, 1868. A despatch from Constantinople states that Petro paulazi and the Greek volunteers in Crete have sur

Official Announcement of the Submission of the Cretan Insurgents.
CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 31, 1868.

It is officially announced that the last of the insur-

Provisional Government Established in Crete. LONDON, Dec. 31, 1868. One day's later news has been received from Constantinople. The insurgents in Crete nave all made submission to the Turkish authority and a provisional government has been established there.

Probable Abandonment of the Eastern Con-

LONDON, Dec. 31, 1868. Powers on the Oriental question, which was fixed for the 2d of January, has been postponed, and the date of its assemblage, if indeed it is convened at all, is now quite uncertain.

ENGLAND.

nother Terrible Colliery Explosion at Wigan. A despatch from Wigan reports that a terrible ex ston occurred in the Haydock colliery to-day and that twenty-two dead bodies have already been taken out of the mine.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Dec. 31, 1868. A decree signed by M. Rouher is published, which assigns to the new organ of the government the title of Journal Official de VEmptre.

Revolution in Malaga-Barricades Thrown Up in the Streets.

MADRID, Dec. 31, 1868.

Disturbances have occurred in Malaga, where barricades have been erected in the streets by a portion of the people. The disorder is likely to be easily

Excitement in Seville—Treeps Ordered There.
MADRID, Dec. 30, via London, Dec. 31, 1868.
There was a demonstration at Seville some days ago and General Caballero de Roda was ordered here with a body of national troops. The people rere disarmed, however, before the General's arrival. The country is entirely tranquil.

Tranquillity Restored in Seville. MADRID, Dec. 31, 1868. S. General Caballero de Roda, having restored quiet in a ville, has returned to Cordova. The National Duard at Seville has been disarmed.

IRELAND.

A Justice of the Peace Shot. DUBLIN, Dec. 31, 1868.
Cole Bates, Justice of the Peace at Tipperary, has ot dead in that city by unknown parties. No arrests have been made.

NEW ZEALAND.

Drendful Massacre of European Families by

A despatch from Suez, in anticipation of the australian mails states that intelligence had been received at Melbourne from New Zealand that fifty

THE NEW DOMINION.

The Whalen Case-Motion for a New Trini. Tonosto, Dec. 31, 1868.

The Whalen case came up to-day before the full Court of Error and Appeal. Hon. J. H. Cameron and it was doubtfur whether the case should be brought before the case. the queen's Bench, or by writ of appeal issued by the Court of Error and Appeal. To be certain he adopted both methods. He preferred to proceed by writ of error, as under that writ he could assign new grounds of error not argued before the lower court. The court adjourned until Monday, when the point as to the mode of procedure will be decided.

CUBA.

Death of a Political Prisoner—His Fuseral the Largest Ever Known in Havana—Havana Commercial Intelligence. HAVANA, Dec. 31, 1868.

A young Cuban named Camilio Cepers, who has been confined for some time past for political offences, died yesterday of consumption. His funeral took place to-day and was the largest ever known in this city. Thousands of Cubans followed his remains to the cemetery. The body was carried to the grave on the shoulders of mourners.

Sugar quiet and nominal; No. 12 Dutch standard, 8½ reals. Exchange on London, 17½ per cent premium; on United States, sixty days sight, in gold, 7 per cent premium; short sight, 9 per cent premium. The steamer Santiago de Cuba arrived to-day from New York.

THE INDIAN WAR.

Another Battle With the Indians-Capture of

the Noted Chief Satauta. St. Louis, Dec. 31, 1868. A despatch from Topeka, Kansas, says:—Reports thought to be reliable have reached here to the effect that another battle had taken place between our troops and the Indians at the Washita Mountains, in troops and the indians at the Washita Mountains, in which a large number of the Indians are said to have been killed, and Satanta, chief of the Klowas, and Little Raven, chief of the Arapahoes, taken prisoners, and a large amount of property captured. The Indians engaged were the Klowas, Cheyennes and Arapahoes.

The particulars of the fight cannot be given in consequence of the official messenger losing his mail white crossing Arkansas river.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Markets-Arrival of the Lacka-

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 31, 1868. Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat, \$1 70 a \$1 80 for good to choice shipping. Legal tenders un-

The United States steamer Lackawanna, from Mexican ports, arrived here to-day.

The Saints Favorable to the Pacific Rail-road—Sisters Must Not Trade With the Gentiles.

Сиксадо, Dec. 31, 1868. The Sait Lake Telegraph of the 24th inst. predicts that the Union Pacific Railroad will be a good thing for the Cinion Pacine Railroad will be a good thing for the Mormons, and advises the saints not to op-pose its progress.

In a recent sermon at the Tabernacle in Sait Lake City Brigham Young threatened to cut the sisters off the Church if they did not quit dealing with gentiles.

GEORGIA.

The Ogeechee Troubles-More Outrages-Th Negroes Prepared to Resist the Authori-

The Ogeochee troubles still continue. Mr. Middle-ton's house was burned last night and the crops ruined. All the whites came to the city except one man, who has not been seen since the trouble took place. The Sherin, with a posse, went out this morn-ing without making any arrests. The negroes are fully armed and in large lorce and determined to resist the authorities. Scouts were sent out this afternoon and were stopped six miles from the city. All the six roads leading from the city are picketed by negroes. A public meeting was held to-day at the Court House, and the affairs were discussed by General Jackson and others. The meeting adjourned until to-morrow noon to decide upon what course to pursue.

LOUISIANA.

Trial of General Manks for Mail Robbery.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 31, 1868. the clerk of the Seventh Judicial District Court, re ports the total destruction of his paper by a mob ports the total destruction of his paper by a mob-led on by the editor of the Marksville Villager, a democratic paper published at the same place.

The jury in the case of General W. G. Manks, on trial for mail robbery, after being out since yester-day and failing to agree, were discharged at ten-o'clock to-night. It stood nine for conviction and three for acquittal. The evidence against him was pretty strong. Manks was a brigadier general in the Union service during the war. General Rousseau testified to his soldierly qualities, and that he com-manded one of the finest regiments in the Union army.

ILLINOIS.

Heavy Damages in a Libel Suit-Closing of

The great libel suit of Mrs. Wilkinson vs. the Chi-cago Tribune, that has engaged the attention of the Circuit Court in this city for seven days, and excited intense local interest, was concluded to-day. Mrs. Wilkinson claimed \$10,000 damages, and the jury

The Emperor of the French and His Policy of Pence.

Pants, Dec. 31, 1868.

The official journals say that the Emperor Napoleon, in addressing the foreign ambassadors on New Year's Day, will compliment them upon the expression as a new pledge of the peaceful policy which Europe desires.

Title of the New Official Organ.

Wikinson claimed \$10,000 damages, and the jury awarded her \$7,500. Application has been closed by order of the Case will be argued on Saturday. The case will be argued on Saturday. The Soldiers' Home in this city has been closed by order of the United States officers, and the importance of the National Asylum in Milware to the Transferred to the National Asylum in Milware to the Transferred to the National Asylum in Milware to the Transferred to the National Asylum in Milware to the Transferred to the National Asylum in Milware to the Transferred to the National Asylum in Milware to the United States officers, and the immates watke.

The official journals say that the Emperor National Asylum in Milware to the Transferred to the National Asylum in Milware to the Transferred to the National Asylum in Milware to the Transferred to the National Asylum in Milware to the Transferred to the National Asylum in Milware to the Transferred to the National Asylum in Milware to the Transferred to the National Asylum in Milware to the United States officers, and the jury awarded her \$7,500. Application has been made for a new trial. The case will be argued on Saturday. The Soldiers' Home in this city has been closed by order of the United States officers, and the immated that the Immated States officers, and the immated States officers, and the jury awarded the \$1,500. Application has been made for a new trial. The case will be argued on Saturday. The Soldiers' Home in this city has been closed by order of the United States officers, and the jury awarded the transfer to the National Asylum in Milware to the United States officers, and the jury awarded the Transfer to the Vision States officers, and the jury a

Opening of the Albany and Susquehanna Rail-

road. Binghamton, Dec. 31, 1868. The directors' excursion train—the first passenger train over the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad—arrived here at three o'clock P. M., five hours and forty-seven minutes from Albany.

RHODE ISLAND.

Extensive Fire in Providence-New Establishment Destroyed.

Establishment Destroyed.

PROVIDENCE, Dec. 31, 1868.

A fire occurred this morning about eight o'clock in the five story brick building on Dyer street, owned by Alexander Duncan, and occupied by Stephen D. Andrews and Horace A. Brown, hay merchants; Stokes & Leonard, market men, and by the extensive newspaper and job printing office of the Evening Press. The building was pretty thoroughly burned out, but the walls remain standing. The fire at once cut off egress from the printing office by the starcase, and twenty-five printers escaped from the fourth story by climbing down a chain used for hoisting. The Providence Press Company estimate their loss at \$25,000 to \$30,000, on which they have \$17,000 insurance. They have made arrangements to issue their paper again to-morrow. The building is insured for \$20,000, which will not cover the loss. Mr. Andrews losses \$3,500; he is insured for \$3,500. Mr. Brown's loss is about \$500; he is uninsured. Stokes & Leonard lose \$2,000; they are also uninsured.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ITEMS.

There have been 3,300 bankrupt cases in Virginia

field, Mass., were destroyed by fire last night. Loss Aaron Aboott, father of Hon. J. C. Abbott, Se. from North Carolina, died on Wednesday, at Concord, N. H., aged sixty-nine years.

The Legislature of Dacota has passed a memorial asking General Grant to appoint W. W. Erockings the next Governor of the Territory.

Morton and Thompson, the Merchants' Union Express robbers, were handed over by the Canadian authorities at Windsor to the United States officers last evening.

The Cincinnati City Auditor's books show the net

The Cincinnati City Anditor's books show the net receipts of the year were \$2.800,000; disbursements, \$2,500,000. The present bonded indebtedness of the city is \$4,000,000.

A large six horse wagon containing thirteen persons, returning Wednesday night from a festival at Pelham to Lawrence, Mass., upset and severely injurie five of them, two it is feared fatally. The agent of the Virginia Express Company was knocked down and robbed of \$12,000 at about five o'clock yesterday moraling, in Norfolk, Va., while on his way to the depot. The agent was seriously in-

A loaded shell exploded and completely demolished a furnace in Ford & Kimball's iron foundry in Concord, N. H., yesterday afternoon, and fatally wounded the smolter and injuring a visitor who atood by:

WASHINGTON.

Grave Aspect of Affairs in the Orient.

Turkey Gives Greece Her Ultimatum and Prepares for the Gravest Emergencies.

The American Minister at Constantinople to be Recalled.

Attempt to Revive the Surratt Case.

The Difficulties Between Turkey and Greece. News from Constantinople has just been received here by a high official which states that the Turkish government stands firm in regard to the quarrel with Greece, and will not abate one tota of its ultimany nations may oppose through sympathy with Greece or Crete. The Turkish government, it is stated, feels that the matters at issue in the present imbrogilo involve principles which it must maintain at every hazard, and the most energetic preparations are in progress to meet the gravest emergencies. The American Minister to Turkey to be Re-

A paragraph appeared in several newspapers few days since to the effect that there was a probability of the recall of our Minister to Turkey, E. Joy Morris, and stating as the reason for the adoption of such a course that Mr. Morris was engaged in a serious quarrel with the Chief Dragoman of the Sublime Porte. This statement has only a partial foundation in truth. The facts in the case are simply these: Our Minister in Turkey has no occasion for transacting any official busi-ness with the Chief Dragoman of the Empire. He can have no official relations with that officer, and can, therefore, have no misunder forris' relations with the Turkish government are not at all of a pleasant character, and it is also true that he is involved in a quarrel with his own dragowell as chief interpreter to the Minister. As thes misunderstandings have materially impaired Mr. Morris' usefulness as our representative at Constan-thople it is more than likely that a nomination will be made to the Senate during the present session of a successor to Mr. Morris. Several influential individuals have been working to obtain this

[New Year's Day at the National Capital. The officers of the army in this city will assemble uniform at the War Department to-morrow at uarter-past eleven o'clock A. M., when they will proceed in a body to pay their respects to the Presi-dent of the United States. They will form by corps and regiments in the order designated in the Army Register. The senior officers of each corps will pre-sent his own officers to the President. The above is issued in a circular from the Adjutant General's

semble at the Navy Department at eleven o'clock A. M., and proceed in a body to pay their respects to

missed at one o'clock P. M. to-day. for a reception to-morrow.

private citizens will receive their friends to-morrow.

All the public buildings will be closed to-morrow, consequently no business will be transacted.

The March Session of Congress.
It is believed that but two States will be unrepre sented in the Forty-first Congress should it organize on the 4th of March—New Hampshire and Connecti cut. These States hold their elections for Congress-men a few weeks later in the spring. It is not in securing a repeal of the law providing for the meeting of Congress on the 4th of March. The Western Union Telegraph Monopoly.

The Western Union Telegraph monopoly are en-cavoring to take unfair advantage of the members of the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Rosus, and also of the friends of Mr. Washburne's bill, to get the latter measure defeated. When Mr. Orton was here he professed to have but one copy of the printed argument he read before the committee, but promised to send copies of it to the members of the committee and also to Mr. E. B. Washburne. Thus far, however, he has failed to comply means to defeat the proposition of building the intention of Mr. Washburne to give the matter in the House. Orton is expected here soon after lobby here, a pressure will be brought to bear upon the committee to postpone Washburne's bill indefi-

mittee held another meeting to-day to investigate the Judge Busteed case. But two members, Messrs. Woodbridge and Eldridge, were present. The only witness examined was W. T. Chitton, ex-United States Judge. He was cross-examined at great length by Judge Busteed, the proceeding being interspersed with a good deal of merriment. The committee adjourned until Monday. Judge Busteed, it appears, earnestly desires that the utmost publicity be given to the evidence, as he feels satisfied its exposure would be fatal to its vitality.

A Memente for the Precident.

President Johnson was presented to-day with a fine hickory cane cut from Lookout Mountain. It has a gold head, appropriately inscribed. The donor is an old personal friend of the Precident.

The Surratt Case Revived.

The Surratt Case Revived.

The Sarratt Case Revived.

During the past few days several witnesses for the United States have been before the Grand Jury at the instance of the District Attorney, for the purpose of giving evidence on which to base a new indictment against John H. Surratt. Among the witnesses examined were Brooke Stabler and the colored woman, Susan Ann Jackson.

Important Revenue Decision.

The subjoined important decision by the Internal Revenue Department will relieve the minds of assessors throughout the country as to the course they should adopt in instances like the following;—
Homer Franklin, assessor of the Ninth district of New York, was notified a week ago by the proprietor of a large distillery in his district that, owing to an accident having occurred to the boiler and work being suspended, he desired, in accordance with the law, to have the premises closed up. This made to have an entrance opened that workmen might go inside and repair the boiler. The Assessor went in person to comply with this request and dis-covered there were seven tubs of mash on hand, which, in compliance with the law, should be run off in case the distillery regularly suspended. The As-sessor, however, recognizing the injustice of taking such a course and destroying over \$1,000 worth of property for a wholly unforeseen and unintentional breach of the statute, decided to come to Washing ton and take the opinion of the Revenue Department. To-day Assistant Commissioner Hariand rendered

the following decision:—

OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVIEWE,
WASHINGTON, Dec. 31, 1868.

STR—I have received yours of the 29th inst. relative to the suspension of work in the distillery of—in your district, stating that on a visit to the distillery you found seven tules of beer on hand. On a careful consideration of the terms of section twenty-two I do not see that the Assistant Assessor has any discretion, as it seems to be plainly his dury to close up the distillery at the time stated in the distiller's notice, whether there be mysh on hand or not. Although the terms of the statute require locks to rumain upon the door of grery furnace, stall

and better during the whole time work is suspended, there can be no dreament of the propriety of removing the lock from such places as may be requisite that the necessary repairs will be made, and your action in unlocking the door of the bodier under the circumstances was, therefore, correct. The distiller is inble to forfeitures and pensities if he has in his distiller y any mash during the those work is suspended but when the suspension is the result of an earlier, such as you describe in the greent case, I const conceive that the interests of the government require any proceedings for the enforcement of these penalties, nor that it was the interest of the statute that a large amount of grain should be destroyed for no useful end. Whenever a distiller is found having mash in his distillery during suspension of work proceedings should be instituted for the enforcement of the penalties and forfeitures, unless the circumstances plainly indicate that the violation of the stante was involuntary, as appears to be the case to the present instance. Very respectfully.

THOMAS HARLAND, Acting Commissioner.

HOMER PEARKLIN, Assessor Ninth District of New York.

Supervisor Bennett, of the internal revenue dis-trict of North Carolina, is here to lay certain matters in relation to his district before the department and

Senator Morgan are among the arrivals this evening. It is understood that each of them will receive to-morrow at his residence.

MILITARY NOTES.

Colonel W. S. Carr, Eighth regiment, has issued an order of which the following portion is an ab-stract:—'I also call the attention of officers to one of the most giaring errors that can possibly exist, the attendance less at every succeeding drill. You will say these are strong terms; but they are true. The men are not so much to blame; good and well instructed officers always insure good companies. The company's success depends upon its own officers, and not upon the commandant of the registration.

At a recent meeting of D Company, Eighth regi-ter M. Loche was elected First Lieutenant, vice G. T. Lorgan, resigned, and O. W. Cook Second Lieutenan, vice Charles H. Moore, resigned. The following General Order, No. 29, dated Albany, December 28, 1968, is published for the information of officers of the National Guard:— The following organizations being been dispensed.

of officers of the National Guard:—
The following organizations having been disband in General Order No. 14, current series, from the headquarters, and having falled to forward meter-out rols, in compliance with the provisio of the above order, it is hereby ordered that inon-commissioned officers, musicians and privat belonging to the following designated commands and they are hereby mustered out of the organization of the Sational Guard of the State of New Yorkom them respectively. they are hereby mustered out of the organiton of the Stational Guard of the State of New Y from the date set opposite them respectively, they are hereby discharged the military service the State from said dates:—Company B. Fiftee regiment N. G.: Companies A. B. C. B. Thirty-first rement N. G.: Companies A. B. C. E. Thirty-first rement N. G.: Companies A. B. C. E. Thirty-first rement N. G.: Companies A. B. C. E. Thirty-first rement N. G.: Companies A. B. C. E. Thirty-first rement N. G.: Companies A. D. S. F. H. K. Sixty-first regiment N. G.: Companies A. D. F. H., K. Sixty-first regiment N. G.: Companies A. D. F. H., K. Sixty-first regiment N. G.: Companies P. H. K. Eissberch N. G.: Companies B. and G. Ninety-second regiment, N. G.: Companies B. A. B. C. D. K. P. G. H. I., 107th regiment, N. G., and the company organizations of the following named regiments disbanded for to the issuance of General Order No. 14:—urty-second regiment, N. G.: Thirty-fourth regiment, N. G.: Sixty-hih regiment perty of the State in the possession of the officers of the above organizations and of the persons comprising the same, will be sent to the Commissary General of Ordnance, State Arsenal, New York city. If not transmitted the bonds held by the State for the security of the same will be prosecuted according to law, Several of the commandants of the companies in the organizations above named are greatly censurable for their unwillingness and associate refusal to comply with the provisions of General Order No. 14, current series. In every particular they have acted in an unmilitary manner, and have established themselves as unworthy of any recognition, either in a civil or military capacity. A good military officer is recognized for his willingness, under any and all circumstances, to obey the orders of his superiors.

22, 1898:At a meeting of the Board for the Examination of Officers appointed under the authority conveyed in section ninety-one, "Military Code," held at the Armory of the Seventh regiment, National Guard, in the city of New York, on the 16th and 17th days of December, the following recommendations were made:—That the following named officers be dismissed the service on account of disobeying the order of the Commander-In-Chief in not appearing before said Board:—First Lieutenant Sidney Lester, Eighth regiment National Guard; Second Lieutenant Gustavus Fredericks, Second cavairy, National Guard; First Lieutenant Crittenden E. Sabin, Fifty-fourth regiment National Guard; this latter for not appearing at the session of the is latter for not appearing at the ard held in the city of Albany O Board held in the city of Albany October 13, 186 The above recommendations are hereby concurr, n, and the commissions held by the above name officers declared vacant. Commanding officers of the regiments to which they belong will proceed to if the vacancies occasioned by the dismissal of the officers. The Boark of Examination, of which Maj General H. A. Barnum is president, and Brigadi

regiments to which they belong will proceed to fill the vacancies occasioned by the dismissal of these officers. The Board of Examination, of which Major General H. A. Barnum is president, and Brigadier General J. M. Varian, Brigadier General J. H. Liebenau, Colonel Bradley Martin and Major Charles H. Hunter are members, is hereby dissolved. The Commander-In-Chief desires to express his public thanks to the officers above named for the faithful and impartial manner they have discharged the unpleasant duties which devolved upon them. The services rentered by the above Board have been of great benefit to the National Guard, and have improved its tone and morale to an extent that the impress made will not acon be obliterated.

The following circular has been addressed to the commanding officers of the regiments of the First division by the officers appointed to present the "guidon" to the best drilled regiment:

COLONEL-The undersigned being directed by division orders "to determine and report the regiment of the First division entitled to the guidon" the best drilled regiment being directed by division orders "to determine and report the regiment of the First division entitled to the guidon" the best drilled regiment being directed by division offers "to determine and report the regiment of the First division, it will be necessary that the undersigned see and examine the drill of each and every regiment of such division claiming to be "the best drilled."

Second—Begiments desiring to contend for the guidon will, by their commanders, give immediate written notice to the undersigned.

Third—Regiments avoiding or declining the contest will, under the circumstances, be considered as disavowing any claim to being "the best drilled."

Fourth—Regiments woulding or declining the contest will, under the circumstances, be considered as disavowing any claim to being "the best drilled."

Fourth—Regiments avoiding or declining the contest will, under the circumstances, be considered as disavowing any claim to being with the p

FIRES IN BROADWAY.

Ward's Collar Manufactory and Messrs. Fowjer & Wells' Phrenelogical Establishment Badly Dannaged. At five manutes to six o'clock last evening a fire

broke out on the upper floor of the three story and attic brick building No. 587 Broadway, occupied by Samuel S. H. Ward as a gentlemen's furnishing store and colar manufactory. Delay was occasioned in the firemen gathering at the scene of confiagra-tion because of a false alarm being given, which caused the fames to obtain such an ascendency that the upper foors of the building, with their stock, were entirely consumed before the fire was extinguished. What was not destroyed by the fames was badly damaged by water, which was thrown in large quantities through every floor. In the estimation of the loss Mr. Ward places his damage at \$23,000, which is faily covered by insurance in city companies, he laving an amount of maurance durable the loss upon his stock.

The fames extended to the adjoining building, No. 288, occupied by Messrs. Fowler & Wells, the phrenoisgists, and although not materially damaged by the extended to the adjoining building, No. 288, occupied by Messrs. Fowler & Wells, the phrenoisgists, and although not materially damaged by the extended for \$24,500 in the following companies.—Merchanis', \$3,000; City, of Hartford, \$4,000; Common/calla, \$2,000; Atlantic, Provincience, \$3,000; Copita (tity, of Albany, \$3,000; Polton, \$4,000; Common/calla, \$2,000; Williamsburg City, \$2,000, and Loriers, \$3,000; Williamsburg City, \$2,000; Loriers, \$4,000; Loriers, \$4,000

MAN JERGEY STELLIGERCE.

THE PAIR AT St. JOSEPH'S CHURCH.—The mem-pers of the Common Council proceeded in a body rom the City Hall on Wednesday evening to the fair eing held in sid of the Catholic church in course of rection. The attendance was large, and on the rhole the fair was liberally paircuized.

THE ALMSHOUSE AT SNAKH HILL—The 300 books presented to the destitute inmates of the Almshouse in Wednesday were donated through Mr. Garrety recland by the children of the First Raptist church if Bergen. There are now in the Almshouse library wer 800 books.

SUPPOCATION OF AN INPANT.—Yesterday morning the body of a male infant was found suffocated at the Altashouse in the bed of its mother, whose name is Abson. Coroner Warren viewed the body, and, being convinced that its death had been accidental, gave a permit for burial.

employed at the abattoir, to the number of eighty-six, have struck for an increase in their wages from \$3 to \$3.50 per day. The men gave notice of their intention to demand the increase a week ago, and the demand not taying been complied with they left work on Wednesday afternoon.

days before Christmas a young man named Chris-topher Van Winkle, of Greenville, was employed as a teamster by a butcher in the Washington Market, New York. Three days afterwards he called on the rington, of the Bay Shore House. The "law"s delay"s a phrase whitch does not apply to Jersey, and Van Winkie soon found himself in the custody of officer McCarthy, of the Bergen police. Yesterday morning he was taken before Recorder Mathews, and affidavits setting forth the foreyoing facts were made by Timothy Harrington, Ritchard Davis and Timothy McCarthy. The prisoner hung down his dead, admitted the theft and appenied for mercy, urging in extenuation of his offence that he was intoxicated at the time. The Recorder would not entertain so fimmy an excuse and-committed the prisoner for trial in default of \$500 boil.

rears of age, whose arrest was noticed yesterday, on suspicion of having set fire to Titus' bakery, was on suspection of naving set are to fitting outerly, was committed for trial yesterday forenoon. It appears he had been employed in the bakery, and was paid off just previous to the breaking out of the fire. His employer deducted an old standing debt, a circum-stance that seemed to annoy him greatly. NEW YEAR'S DAY.—Governor Ward and Mayor

chamber at the City Hall for an hour before and after twelve o'clock. The room will be neatly decorated for the occasion. In the Methodist churches the dawning of 1869 was "watched" by large congregations in connection with the usual preaching praying and giorilying. To-day there will also be appropriate services in many of the churches Business will generally be suspended and the day larned into the happiest holiday of the new year, weather permitting. The time-konored practice of receiving "calle" will not be registeded. On all after the promise of a very happy new year.

Singular Highway Robbshy.—From information

Wednesday evening, between six and seven o'clock, two footpads were observed to knock down a man in Commerce street, near Broad, and while one held his head the other rified his pockets and carried off their contents, besides his valise. Strange to say, before a policeman could be found not only had the miscreants and their booty disappeared, but so had their victim, nor had he turned up even up to last evening. Several parties were arrested and subsequently let go. Testerday afternoon a young man named Joseph Colyer was arrested on suspicion by detective Williams. The prisoner was drunk at the time of his capture.

Singular Dearth.—Mrs. T. D. Burnes, wife of an

SINGULAR DEATH .- Mrs. T. D. Burnes, wife of an and a neignbor named Mrs. Heckel, arising out of a dispute over the removal of a bedstead from a yard in the rear of their houses. In the course of the dispute a son of Mrs. Heckel appeared on the accene and broke the piece of furniture in pieces, a circumstance that so frightened Mrs. Burnes that she took sick and remained so till her decease, which took place a few days aro. Her husband states that prior to the bedstead row Mrs. Burnes was a perfectly healthy woman.

DEPLETION OF THE CITY FINANCES .- The police of this city wore very laguarious countenances last pay day on being informed that the appropriation for their salaries was exhausted and that they must do the best they could by selling their checks to prido the best they could by seiling their checks to private citizens, of course at a discount. The unwelcome news fell heavily on the ears of the possecometatus of the city to be so uncomfortably disappointed on New Year's Eve. But as the day wore on some taxpayers paid their bills to the Receiver, and the amount was transferred to the City Treasurer, who paid the men as far as the funds admitted. Still a great many of them had to depend on outside accommodation.

THE CARRICK WILL CASE.

Interesting Will Case in Paterson-Will Dis-puted-Property to the Amount of Over \$160.000 Involved-Romantic Incidents. A remarkable will case was commenced on Wednesday evening, before Judge Bedle, at

County Circuit Court, Paterson action arose out of a will and codici made by Robert Carrick, deceased, a wealthy resident of Paterson, by which he revoked many bequests made to friends and relatives in former officer in Paterson, named Jones, whom Mrs. Carrick married only a very few days after the death of her husband. The caviators claim that Mr. Car-rick had been of unsound mind before his decease; that his wife then possessed an undue influence over him; that by reason of this influence she succeeded in inducing him to omit from "his last will and tes-tament" names of those whom he had previously mentioned, and putting in their stead the name of her friend, Harry Ernest Jones, the detective officer. There are many singular facts connected with the case. At the time of his death he was seventy-five years of age, and during his lifetime he had resided mostly in Paterson, where he amassed properly to a large amount. Early in life he emigrated to this country from Paisley, Scotland; shortly afterwards settled down in Passaic county and grew rich as the country progressed in prosperity. He was a shr ewd, calculating man and occupied several high positions in his adopted city, and having always invested his means to the best advantage his wealth, at the time of his death, was estimated at over \$150,000. He had remained a bachelor until the age of seventy, when he took unto himself the present Mrs. Jones, a young woman sem over to him by friends in Scotland to act in the capacity of house servant. Mr. Carrick has, however, several tilegitimate children, whose mother resided in New York and who died sometime before the espousal of Mrs. Carrick. Mrs. C. faithfully acted her part as servant; she and the old bachelor nabob were the warmest friends and this friendship finally culminated in the secret marriage of the worthy pair; he at the time being about seventy years old, slightly paralysed, and having's warm affection for "Bourbon," she a buxom Scotch lassie, fat and fair, but not forty; probably between thirty and thirty-five years of are. The conjugal relations were kept secret, and all went on with man and wife as "merry as a marriage bell." Sometime subsequently, however, Mr. Carrick made a will by which he bequeathed \$50,000 and some property to his wife, and among other legacies he left to his nifece Margaret, \$10,000, to his sister Mrs. Grinburg, \$10,000; to the children of John Warden, of Glasgow, \$10,000; to his friend Edward N. Pigott \$6,000, &c. After the making of that will Mr. Carrick's house was entered by burglars, and among the detectives directed to work up the case was Mr. Harry Ernest Jones, considered a very good looking police officer. Mr. Jones did his daty efficiently, and having bro officer. There are many singular facts cont with the case. At the time of his death i

Edward Clark testified that he was a witness to Mr. Carrick's last will, duted November 14, 1889; Mr. Carrick and when when the paper was witnessed Mr. Carrick as apparently feeble, but did not appear to be of unsound mind. Elias Brown King-deposed that he and Mr. Van Saun were witnessed to the codicid dated February, 1867; Mrs. Carrick asked him to do so, and he went to their house for the purpose; thought Mr. Carrick a person of sound mind; in died March 30, 1867. Richard Coughlin swore that he witnessed the will of 1863; Mr. Carrick than looked feeble and not as competent as when he drew the will of 1865. Henry A. Williams testified that he was witness to the codicil of the will of 1865, Mr. Carrick appeared shen to be of sound mind.

Wm. Gledhill, counselor, deposed that he was Mr. Carrick's legal adviser; knew him to be a manager of the Paterson Savings Bank, also president of it; the bank had to close and the managers lost money by it; drew up the two wills; at the time of drawing up the last one Mr. Carrick was of sound mind and suggested several alterations; got a letter from Mrs. Carrick asking that the legacy to Jones should be paid immediately after Mr. Carrick's death; in a subsequent conversation as to when the legacles were to be paid Mr. Carrick said he understeed they were not to be paid until a year after his death; once showed a naper to him and thought it was quite blain; he could not understand if then; on another occasion, when speaking of friends in scotland, Mr. Carrick burst out linto a lit of sobbling; heard Mr. Carrick will; about then had a conversation with Mr. Carrick will; about then had a conversation with Mr. Carrick when he said that Jacob Hogren was one of the best friends he ever had, having left subject to his draft \$400,000 or \$500,000; then witness felt there was sometting in Mr. Carrick that was not rational.

Dr. Reeves testified that deceased died of paralysis, his mind was affected in some measure by discase; the paralysis was of long standing; aw him on the 15th March,

Johns was the most repeated by the most several times a week, and remained over night on a few occasions.

Further evidence was read yesterday corrobonative of the statement of the case already given. The Judge then took the papers and reserved do

WESTCHESTER SCHOOL TAXATION:

Cost of Lobbying and Defenting a Bill in the

School District No. 2, of East Chester, as follows:—
This is an appeal from the action of the school district abovementioned in voting to impose a tax of \$1,290 upon said district for the purpose, as alleged, of paying the expenses of lobbying or forcing the defeat of a bill introduced in the Legislature of this State during the essession of 1886 to consolidate said district with certain other districts of the town of East Chester. The respondents, members of the Board of Education for said district, No. 2, in their answer admit that said Board of Education employed counsel to defeat the passage of said bill and paid said counsel for his services the sum of \$1,250, taking his receipt therefor and they allege that the money time paid was obtained upon their official bond for \$1,250 and interest, issued pursuant to a resolution of said Board of allege that the money thus paid was obtained upon their official bond for \$1,20 and interest, issued pursuant to a resolution of said Board of Education, and payable March I, 1869. They also said district to pay and cancel such bond. After careful examination and consideration I have failed to find any authority or good reason to sustain the action of a school district meeting or causing to be collected a tax upon the inhabitants of a school district neeting or causing to be collected a tax upon the inhabitants of a school district for the purpose of paying counsel to advocate or oppose the passage of a bill pending before the Legishature. The appeal in this case must therefore be and it is hereby sustained, and the injunction issued therein on the 14th day of November, 1868, staying the collection of the tax in question, is made perpetual. This election must be flied with the Clerk of said School District No. 2, of East Chester, and notice thereof be by him given to the defendents, with opportunity to examine the same, then under my hand and the seal of the Department of Public Instruction at Alcany.

ABRAM B. WEAVER,
Superintendent of Public Instruction.

POSTPONEMENT OF THE ICE BOAT REGATTAL

POUGHEEPSIE, Dec. 31, 1868. In consequence of the absence of wind the ice-boat regatta did not take place to-day. Eleven boats were off Milton at the appointed hour, but after waiting some time for a breeze Cotanaodore Booth ordered the race posiponed thi Saturday, January 2.

EUROPEAN MARKETS

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—LONDON, Dec. 51-4500 P. M.—Consols closed at 92% for money and 92% a

P. M.—Consols closed at 22-3 for honey and 22-3 for the account. United States five-twenty bonds, 74-3. Hanway stocks closed steady. Eric shares, 23-3; Illinois Central, 25-3;
PARIS BOURSE.—PARIS, Dec. 31.—Bonfse easier. Rentes, 70. 5c.
PHANKFOLST BOURSE.—PRANKFORT, Dec. 31.—United States five-twenty bonds, 78-3 for the issue of 18-2.
LITERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—LIVERPOOL. Dec. 31.—United Consolidations:—Middling uplands, on spot, 10-3d.; middling uplands, to arrive, 10-3d.; middling orleans, 11-3d. The sales of the day toot up 15,000 bales.
HAYRE COTTON MARKET.—HAYRE, Dec. 31.—Cotton

bales.
HAVRE COTTON MARKET.—HAVRE, Dec. 31.—Cotton finner both on the spot and to arrive. Tres ordinaire on the spot, 1261. per cwt.
Liverpool Beradstuffs, Provisions and Produce Markets.—Liverpool, Dec. 31.—Evening.—The markets closed unchanged in tone and quotations.
LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—LONDON, Dec. 31.—420 P. M.—The London markets are unaitered in tone and concilered. and quotations.

PETROLEUM MARKET.—ANTWERP, Dec. 31.
Standard white, 5314 francs; holders

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, Dec. 31.—The Ocean Hope, from Antwerp-for New York, has stranded on Kalbot Bank, and has foremast sprung.

A.—Chickering & Sonn,
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT STANOS,
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT STANOS,
and the still increased the first grants granted the Lesson of
knoor, at the Universal Exposition, Paris, 1837. These were
the highest awards of the Exposition, and the house of
CHICKERING & SONS was the only one so inonered. In
the United States we have been awarded sixty-sine first premiums in direct competition with the leading manufacturers of
the country, and at the Great Exhibition in London we
received the highest award given to any manufacturer in the
United States. Total, seventy-one first premiums and the
most flattering testimonials from the leading artists of the
world.

WAREBOOMS NO. II EAST FOURTEENTH STREET, A Set Off to a New Year's Tuble, COLGAN'S PICKLED OYSTERS To be had only at B Clinton street, Bree

He Sure and Call for MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, having a fac simile of "Curtis & Perkius" on 12.0 one wrapper. All others are base injuisions.

Cristadoro's Unrivalled Hair Dye. Sold as I

Batchelor's Hair Dyc.—The Rest to the world. The only perfect dye; harmless, religiots, instantane-ons. Established in 1800.—The Metropolitan Joh Printing Establishment, F. Nassau street.

Circulars of Every Description and Notices to attend meetings printed in the nested possible manner, at an hour's notice, and treatly a con condises than at any other similar piace in the circ. I the METROPOLITAN JOA PRINTING ESTABLISHED'S, 87 ASSAM STREET,

Promphicts, Law o Reposers, &c., Resented with meatness quickly an and desputch, twenty-due per cent, cheaner than at any other printing establishment in the city at the NFROTY ATAN 458 YEISTING ESTABLISH.

Reyal IV avana Lostery. Prison Paid in Gold Internal Cardished. The highest rates paid for Donkloson and all kinds of Gold and Silver. TAYLOF, & CO., Bankers, 15 Wall street, N. Y. TV a Famora Corner 97 Nasanu Streeter Printer Helability